Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

 (Currently Amended) A method for identifying rare events in a biological sample, comprising:

obtaining a source of cells;

contacting the source with a binding agent specific for a cell specific marker associated with a rare event and expressed by at least some of the cells, wherein the binding agent is bound to a magnetic bead and wherein the binding agent binds to cells in the source expressing the cell specific marker;

separating cells bound by the binding agent from the source thereby obtaining a sub-population of cells enriched for the cell specific marker associated with the rare event;

placing the enriched sample on a substrate;

automatically scanning the substrate at a plurality of coordinates:

automatically obtaining a plurality of images at locations on the substrate that comprise the enriched sample; and

processing the plurality of $\frac{1}{1}$ images $\frac{1}{1}$ to identify the rare event.

- (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the sub-population is enriched for carcinoma cells.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the separating is done by positive selection.
- (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the separating is done by negative selection.
- (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the antibody is monoclonal or polyclonal.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the antibody recognizes an epithelial marker.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the antibody is selected to avoid cross reactivity with the beads.
- (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the carcinoma cells are from peripheral blood.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:
- $\mbox{(a)} \quad \mbox{automatically identifying a coordinate of the rare}$ event; and
- (h) automatically acquiring an image of the rare event, at the location coordinates.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rare event is detected by immunohistochemistry.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rare event is detected by in situ hybridization.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the rare event is detected by a stain.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the stain is a nucleic acid dye selected from the group consisting of hematoxylin, Giemsa stain, methyl green, Nuclear Fast-Red, Hoechst 33342, Hoechst 33258, thiazole orange, DAPI, ethidium bromide, propidium iodide, TOTO, YOYO-1, SYTOX Blue, SYTOX Green, 7-Aminoactinomycin, 9-Amino-6-chloro-2-methoxyacridine, and acridine homodimer.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the rare event is stained with a cytoplasmic dye such as cosin or Kleihauer-Betke cytochemical stain or a combination thereof.

- 16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cell specific marker is detected by a nuclear stain and counterstain.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the cell specific marker is detected by immunohistochemistry, in situ hybridization, staining or a combination thereof.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the image is a digital image.
- 19. (New) The method of claim 13, wherein the rare event is stained with eosin, Kleihauer-Betke cytochemical stain, or a combination thereof.
- 20. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein processing the plurality of images comprises:

placing adjacent of the plurality of images together to generate a composite image having a field of view larger than the fields of views of the plurality of images; and

identifying a candidate rare event in the composite image.

21. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein processing the plurality of images comprises:

identifying a candidate rare event;

determining coordinates for the candidate rare event; and obtaining additional images of the candidate rare event.

22. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein processing the plurality of images comprises:

identifying a collection of candidate rare events;
generating a mosaic comprising images of the candidate rare
events in the collection.

23. (New) The method of claim 22, wherein processing the plurality of images further comprises presenting the mosaic to a user.